

Computation for the lace expansion for lattice animals

Analysis of Section 3.3

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Abstract

In this file we perform the numerical part of the analysis of the non-backtracking lace expansion for lattice animals. All references in this version of the notebook will be to the PhD thesis of the author.

We expect as input the dimension d and the constance $\Gamma_1, \Gamma_2, \Gamma_3, c_1, \dots, c_4$. After choosing these quantities the user should select the menu item Evaluate-> Evaluate Notebook. In a table at the end of this document the result of the computations are shown. There it can be seen whether the bootstrap with the given parameters and therefore the analysis was successful.

We first compute bounds on the simple random walk two-point function (Section 5.2.1). Then we compute a bound on the two-point function and repulsive diagrams (Section 5.1.2). We use these bounds to compute the Diagrammatic bounds derived in Section 4.4. and compute the bounds used for the Analysis in Section 3.3. The document corresponds to 95% of the file for LTs.

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Input

The dimension in which we perform the computations

```
In[126]:= d = 49;
```

For the bootstrap we assume that $f_i(z) \leq \Gamma_i$ with Γ_i given as follows

```
In[127]:= Gamma1 = 1.01843;  
Gamma2 = 1.14144;  
Gamma3 = 1.2;
```

For the bootstrap function f_3 we use the following constants

```
In[130]:= c1 = 0.075649769;  
c2 = 0.657045244;  
c3 = 0.10758573345;  
c4 = 7.2943655;
```

Value for which it works:

```
In[134]:= (*Gamma1=1.01843;  
Gamma2=1.14144;  
Gamma3=1.2;  
c1=0.075649769;  
c2=0.657045244;  
c3=0.10758573345;  
c4=7.2943655;*)
```

Simple Random Walk integral

We compute the two-point function of the simple random walk,

$$I_{n,m}(x) = \int_{[-\pi,\pi]} e^{ikx} \frac{\hat{D}^m(k)}{(1 - \hat{D}(k))^n} \frac{d^d k}{(2\pi)^d}$$

see Section 5.2, using that

$$I_{n,m}(x) = I_{n,(m-1)}(x) - I_{(n-1),(m-1)}(x)$$

$$I_{n,0}(x) = \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int_0^\infty t^{n-1} \prod_{i=1}^d \int_{-\pi}^\pi e^{-t/d(1-\cos(k_i))} e^{ik_i x_i} \frac{dk}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int_0^\infty t^{n-1} \prod_{i=1}^d F(t, d, |x_i|)$$

where $F(t,d,n)$ is the modified Besselfunction. We implement the Besselfunciton and a function to compute $I_{n,0}(x)$.

```
In[135]:= F[t_, d_, N_] := e- $\frac{t}{d}$  Besseli[N,  $\frac{t}{d}$ ];
NInt[n_, d_, T_] :=
  1 / ((n - 1)!) * NIntegrate[t^(n - 1) * (F[t, d, 0])^d, {t, 0, T},
    WorkingPrecision -> 40];
```

Then we define the number of n-step SRW loop as given in Section (5.2.6)-(5.2.10)

```
In[137]:= s2 = N[2 d];
s4 = N[ (d *  $\frac{4!}{2 \times 2} + \frac{d(d-1)}{2} * 4!$  ) ];
s6 = N[ (d *  $\frac{6!}{3! 3!} + d * (d-1) * \frac{6!}{2 \times 2} + \frac{d(d-1)(d-2)}{3!} * 6!$  ) ];
s8 =
  N[ (d *  $\frac{8!}{4! 4!} + d * (d-1) * (\frac{8!}{3! 3!} + \frac{8!}{2^5}) + \frac{d(d-1)(d-2)}{2} * \frac{8!}{2 \times 2} +$ 
     $\frac{d(d-1)(d-2)(d-3)}{4!} * 8!$  ) ];
```

Then we compute $I_{n,0}(0)$ for $n=1,2,3,4$:

```
In[141]:= I10 = NInt[1, d,  $\infty$ ];
I20 = NInt[2, d,  $\infty$ ];
I30 = NInt[3, d,  $\infty$ ];
I40 = NInt[4, d,  $\infty$ ];
```

and use $I_{n,m}(0) = I_{n,(m-1)}(0) - I_{(n-1),(m-1)}(0)$ to compute $I_{n,m}(0)$:

```

In[145]= SRWTwoPointFunctionTable =
  {{nm, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4}, {0, 1, I10, I20, I30, I40}, {1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {2,  $\frac{s^2}{(2d)^2}$ , 0, 0, 0, 0}, {3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {4,  $\frac{s^4}{(2d)^4}$ , 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {6,  $\frac{s^6}{(2d)^6}$ , 0, 0, 0, 0}, {7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {8,  $\frac{s^8}{(2d)^8}$ , 0, 0, 0, 0}, {9, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {10, -1, 0, 0, 0, 0}};
For[i = 3, i < 13, i++,
  For[j = 3, j < 7, j++,
    SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[i, j]] =
      SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[i - 1, j]] - SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[i - 1, j - 1]];]
  Clear[i, j]

I11 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[3, 3]];
I12 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[4, 3]];
I14 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[6, 3]];
I16 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[8, 3]];
I16 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[8, 3]];
I18 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[10, 3]];
I110 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[12, 3]];
I21 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[3, 4]];
I22 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[4, 4]];
I24 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[6, 4]];
I26 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[8, 4]];
I28 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[10, 4]];
I210 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[12, 4]];
I31 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[3, 5]];
I32 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[4, 5]];
I33 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[5, 5]];
I34 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[6, 5]];
I36 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[8, 5]];
I38 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[10, 5]];
I310 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[12, 5]];
I42 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[4, 6]];
I44 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[6, 6]];
I46 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[8, 6]];
I48 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[8, 6]];
I410 = SRWTwoPointFunctionTable[[12, 6]];

NForm[a_] := NumberForm[N[a], 5];
Labeled[Grid[Map[NForm, SRWTwoPointFunctionTable, {2}],
  Alignment -> {{Left, Center}, Baseline, {{2, 12}, {2, 6}} -> {"."}},
  Frame -> True, Dividers -> {{2 -> True, -1 -> True}, {2 -> True}},
  Spacings -> {1.5, {1.5, 1, {0.5}}}, ItemStyle -> {1 -> Bold, 1 -> Bold},
  Background -> {Automatic, Automatic, {{2, 12}, {2, 6}} -> GrayLevel[0.9]],
  Style["Value of the SRW two-point function.", Bold], Top] // Text

```

Value of the SRW two-point function.

m n	0.	1.	2.	3.	4.
0.	1.	1.0105	1.0323	1.0664	1.1144
1.	0.	0.01053	0.021747	0.034073	0.048019
2.	0.010204	0.01053	0.011217	0.012326	0.013946
3.	0.	0.00032581	0.00068747	0.0011086	0.0016199
4.	0.00030918	0.00032581	0.00036166	0.00042116	0.00051123
5.	0.	0.00001663	0.00003585	0.000059494	0.000090072
6.	0.000015454	0.00001663	0.00001922	0.000023643	0.000030578
7.	0.	1.1761×10^{-6}	2.5904×10^{-6}	4.4231×10^{-6}	6.9346×10^{-6}
8.	1.0703×10^{-6}	1.1761×10^{-6}	1.4143×10^{-6}	1.8327×10^{-6}	2.5115×10^{-6}
9.	0.	1.0584×10^{-7}	2.3817×10^{-7}	4.1836×10^{-7}	6.7887×10^{-7}
10.	-1.	1.0584×10^{-7}	1.3233×10^{-7}	1.8018×10^{-7}	2.6052×10^{-7}

Out[174]=

Bound on the two-point function and on repulsive diagrams

Definition of Constants

We define the constants for two setting s: we use s=i for bound on $z = z_I$ and s=o for bound on $z \in (z_I, z_c)$: For $z = z_I$, we use the following relations, that are proven in Section 3.6.2.

$$\begin{aligned}
 z_I &= \frac{1}{(2d-1)e} \\
 g_{z_I} &\leq e + \frac{e-1}{2d-1} \\
 g_{z_I}^i &\leq 1 + (g_{z_I} - 1) \frac{2d-1}{2d} \leq e \\
 G_z(x) &\leq g_{z_I}^i B_{z_I g_{z_I}^i}(x) \leq g_{z_I}^i \frac{2d-2}{2d-1} C(x) \\
 \tilde{G}_z(x) &\leq B_{z_I g_{z_I}^i}(x) \leq \frac{2d-2}{2d-1} C(x).
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

For $z \in (z_I, z_c)$ we know that

$$\begin{aligned}
 2d z g_z^i &< 2d g_z z < \Gamma_1 \\
 g_z &< e \Gamma_1 \text{ for all } z \geq \frac{1}{(2d-1)e} \\
 g_z^i &< 1 + (g_z - 1) \frac{2d-1}{2d}
 \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

In the following we implement the basic quantities for the status i at z_I and the status o for z in (z_I, z_c) , which will allows us to implement the bound for both (s=i,o) with the same code

```

ln[175]:= g[i] = Exp[1] +  $\frac{\text{Exp}[1] - 1}{2d - 1}$ ;
g[o] = Exp[1] * Gamma1;
gj[i] = Exp[1];
gj[o] = 1 + (g[o] - 1) *  $\frac{2d - 1}{2d}$ ;

rho[i] =  $\frac{gj[i]}{g[i]}$ ;
rho[o] =  $\frac{gj[o]}{g[o]}$ ;

twodgz[i] = 2d  $\frac{1}{(2d - 1) \text{Exp}[1]}$  g[i];
twodgz[o] =  $\frac{2d}{2d - 1}$  Gamma1;
twodgjz[i] =  $\frac{2d}{2d - 1}$ ;
twodgjz[o] =  $\frac{2d}{2d - 1}$  Gamma1;

gjz[i] =  $\frac{1}{2d - 1}$ ;
gjz[o] =  $\frac{1}{2d - 1}$  Gamma1;

VarGamma1[i] =  $\left(1 + \frac{1 - \text{Exp}[-1]}{2d - 1}\right)$ ;
VarGamma1[o] = Gamma1;
VarGamma2[i] = rho[i] *  $\frac{(2d - 2)}{2d - 1}$ ; (*Gz(x) ≤ gzBzgz(x) ≤ gz $\frac{2d-2}{2d-1}$ C(x)*)
VarGamma2[o] = Gamma2 *  $\frac{2d - 2}{2d - 1}$ ; (*Ĝz(k) ≤ ConstantGvsc Ĉ(k), follows from f2*)
VarGamma3[i] = 1; (*We bound a weighted line by replacing the tree two-
point function with a normal on*)
VarGamma3[o] = Gamma3; (*Ĝz(k) ≤ Ĉ(k)*)
Varc1[o] = c1; Varc2[o] = c2; Varc3[o] = c3; Varc4[o] = c4;
Varc1[i] = 0; Varc2[i] = 0.5; Varc3[i] = 0; Varc4[i] = 4;

```

Further, we define variables to save the number of short SAWs, as given in Section 5.1.3

```

ln[195]:= c2ik = 2; (*c2(e1+e2)*
c4ik = 4 (2d - 3) + 2 (2d - 4); (*c4(e1+e2)*
c6ik = 16 + 84 (2d - 4) + 36 (2d - 4) (2d - 6) + 6d c3i; (*c4(e1+e2)*

c3i = (2d - 2); (*c3(e1)*
c5i = (3 (2d - 2) + 4 (2d - 2) (2d - 4)); (*c5(e1)*
c7i = (14 (2d - 2) + 62 (2d - 2) (2d - 4) + 27 (2d - 2) (2d - 4) (2d - 6)) + 8d c3i + 4d c5i;
(*c7(e1)*

```

Bounds on two-point function

We compute bounds as explained in Section 5.1.2. We begin by computing $G_{n,z}(e_1)$ as in (5.1.22)-(5.1.24)

```
In[201]:= Do[
  Bound[tG7i, s] = c7i (gτζ[s])7 + (twodgτζ[s])9 * VarGamma2[s] * I110; (* G7,z(e1)*
  Bound[tG5i, s] = c5i (gτζ[s])5 + Bound[tG7i, s]; (* G5,z(e1)*
  Bound[tG3i, s] = c3i (gτζ[s])3 + Bound[tG5i, s]; (* G3,z(e1)*
  Bound[tG1i, s] = gτζ[s] + Bound[tG3i, s]; (* G1,z(e1)*
  , {s, {i, o}}]
```

Then we compute $G_{n,z}(e_1 + e_2)$ and $G_{4,z}(2e_2)$, see (5.1.25)-(5.1.26) :

```
In[202]:= Do[
  Bound[tG8ik, s] =  $\frac{d}{d-1}$  (twodgτζ[o])8 VarGamma2[s] I110; (*G8(e1+e2)*
  Bound[tG6ik, s] = c6ik gτζ[s]6 + VarGamma2[s] I18; (*G6(e1+e2)*
  Bound[tG4ik, s] = Bound[tG6ik, s] + (c4ik - 2(2d-3)) gτζ[s]4; (*G41(e1+e2)*
  Bound[tG2ik, s] = Bound[tG4ik, s] + (c2ik - 1) gτζ[s]2; (*G21(e1+e2)*
  (*Bound[tG4ii,s]=(2d+2)gτζ[s]4+Bound[tG6,s];(* Bound for supxG41(2 e1)* *)
  , {s, {i, o}}]
```

We compute the supreme of the two-point function as given in (5.1.27)-(5.1.31):

```
In[203]:= Do[
  Bound[tG6, s] = Max[c6ik gτζ[s]6, c7i gτζ[s]7] + (twodgτζ[s])8 VarGamma2[s] I18;
  (* Bound for supxG6(x)*
  Bound[tG4, s] = Max[c4ik gτζ[s]4, c5i gτζ[s]5] + Bound[tG6, s];
  (* Bound for supxG4(x)*
  Bound[tG2, s] = Max[c2ik gτζ[s]2, c3i gτζ[s]3] + Bound[tG4, s];
  (* Bound for supxG2(x)*
  Bound[tG1, s] = Max[Bound[tG1i, s], Bound[tG2, s]]; (* Bound for supxG1(x)*
  , {s, {i, o}}]
```

Closed repulsive diagrams

We define the bounds on the closed repulsive diagrams as described in Section 5.1.2 in (5.1.34)-(5.1.36). The bound does only depend on the total number of steps and the number of tw-point functions involved. It does not depend on the individual length of the pieces m_1, m_2, \dots and of the orientation of the arrows.

```

In[204]:= Do[
  Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] = twodgjz[s] Bound[tG3i, s];
  Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s] =
    gjz[s]^4 (2 d c3i) + 3 gjz[s]^6 (2 d c5i) + 5 gjz[s]^8 (2 d c7i) +
    6 twodgjz[s]^10 VarGamma2[s] I110 + twodgjz[s]^10 VarGamma2[s]^2 I210;
  Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s] =
    Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s];
  Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s] =
    
$$\frac{(4+1-4)(4+2-4)}{2} \text{gjz}[s]^4 (2 d c3i) + \frac{(6+1-4)(6+2-4)}{2} \text{gjz}[s]^6 (2 d c5i) +$$

    
$$\frac{(8+1-4)(8+2-4)}{2} \text{gjz}[s]^8 (2 d c7i) +$$

    
$$\frac{(10-4)(9-4)}{2} \text{twodgjz}[s]^{10} \text{VarGamma2}[s] I110 + 6 \text{twodgjz}[s]^{10} \text{VarGamma2}[s]^2 I210 +$$

    twodgjz[s]^10 VarGamma2[s]^3 I310;
  Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 3, s] =
    Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s];
  Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 2, s] =
    Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 3, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s] +
    Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s];
  Bound[ClosedRepSquare, 4, s] =
    gjz[s]^4 (2 d c3i) + 10 gjz[s]^6 (2 d c5i) + 35 gjz[s]^8 (2 d c7i) +
    84 twodgjz[s]^10 VarGamma2[s] I110 + 
$$\frac{(10-4)(9-4)}{2} \text{twodgjz}[s]^{10} \text{VarGamma2}[s]^2 I210 +$$

    6 twodgjz[s]^10 VarGamma2[s]^3 I310 + twodgjz[s]^10 VarGamma2[s]^4 I410;
  , {s, {i, o}}]

```

Open repulsive diagrams

Then we define the bound on the open repulsive diagrams as in (5.1.38):

```

In[205]:= Do[
  Bound[OpenRepBubble, 2, s] =
    Max[c2ik gjz[s]^2 + 3 c4ik gjz[s]^4 + 5 c6ik gjz[s]^6,
      2 c3i gjz[s]^3 + 4 c5i gjz[s]^5 + 6 c7i gjz[s]^7] + 6 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s] I18 +
      twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^2 I28;
  Bound[OpenRepBubble, 3, s] =
    Max[2 c4ik gjz[s]^4 + 4 c6ik gjz[s]^6, c3i gjz[s]^3 + 3 c5i gjz[s]^5 + 5 c7i gjz[s]^7] +
      5 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s] I18 + twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^2 I28;
  Bound[OpenRepBubble, 4, s] =
    Max[c4ik gjz[s]^4 + 3 c6ik gjz[s]^6, c5i gjz[s]^5 + 4 c7i gjz[s]^7] +
      4 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s] I18 + twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^2 I28;
  Bound[OpenRepTriangle, 1, s] =
    Max[3 c2ik gjz[s]^2 + 10 c4ik gjz[s]^4 + 21 c6ik gjz[s]^6,
      gjz[s] + 6 c3i gjz[s]^3 + 15 c5i gjz[s]^5 + 28 c7i gjz[s]^7] +
      (8 - 1) (7 - 1)
      / 2 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s] I18 + 7 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^2 I28 +
      twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^3 I38;
  Bound[OpenRepTriangle, 2, s] =
    Max[c2ik gjz[s]^2 + 6 c4ik gjz[s]^4 + 15 c6ik gjz[s]^6,
      3 c3i gjz[s]^3 + 10 c5i gjz[s]^5 + 21 c7i gjz[s]^7] +
      (8 - 2) (7 - 2)
      / 2 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s] I18 + 6 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^2 I28 +
      twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^3 I38;
  Bound[OpenRepTriangle, 3, s] =
    Max[3 c4ik gjz[s]^4 + 10 c6ik gjz[s]^6, c3i gjz[s]^3 + 6 c5i gjz[s]^5 + 15 c7i gjz[s]^7] +
      (8 - 3) (7 - 3)
      / 2 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s] I18 + 5 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^2 I28 +
      twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^3 I38;
  Bound[OpenRepSquare, 3, s] =
    Max[4 c4ik gjz[s]^4 + 20 c6ik gjz[s]^6, c3i gjz[s]^3 + 10 c5i gjz[s]^5 + 35 c7i gjz[s]^7] +
      56 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s] I18 + (8 - 3) (7 - 3)
      / 2 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^2 I28 +
      5 twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^3 I38 + twodgjz[s]^8 VarGamma2[s]^4 I48;
  , {s, {i, o}}]

```

Weighted Diagrams

We define weighted diagrams as explained in Section 5.1., e.g. (5.1.19) and (5.1.42)-(5.1.49) we derive weighted closed diagrams


```

In[206]:= Do[
  Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 4, s] =
    twodgjz[s]^4 VarGamma2[s] VarGamma3[s] (Varc1[s] I24 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc3[s]) I34);
  Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s] =
    Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 4, s] + 8 d gjz[s]^2 (gjz[s]^4 (2 d - 2) * 2 + Bound[tG6, s]) +
      8 d gjz[s]^2 (2 d - 2) (gjz[s]^2 + Bound[tG4ik, s]) +
      2 d gjz[s]^3 ( Bound[tG3i, s] + 3 (2 d - 2)  $\frac{d}{d-1} \frac{d}{d-2}$  twodgjz[s]^3 VarGamma2[s] I16 +
        5 (2 d - 2)  $\frac{d}{(d-1)}$  Bound[tG6, s] +
        9 (gjz[s]^2 + 3 (2 d - 2) gjz[s]^5 + Bound[tG6, s]) );
  Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 0, s] =
    Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s] + twodgjz[s] Bound[tG3i, s];

  Bound[WeightedClosedTriangle, 4, s] =
    twodgjz[s]^2 VarGamma2[s]^2 VarGamma3[s] (Varc1[s] I34 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc3[s]) I44);
  Bound[WeightedClosedTriangle, 2, s] =
    2 Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 4, s] + Bound[WeightedClosedTriangle, 4, s] +
      8 d gjz[s]^2 (gjz[s]^4 (2 d - 2) * 2 + Bound[tG6, s]) +
      8 d gjz[s]^2 (2 d - 2) (gjz[s]^2 + Bound[tG4ik, s]) +
      4 d gjz[s]^3 ( Bound[tG3i, s] + 3 (2 d - 2)  $\frac{d}{d-1} \frac{d}{d-2}$  twodgjz[s]^3 VarGamma2[s] I16 +
        5 (2 d - 2)  $\frac{d}{(d-1)}$  Bound[tG6, s] + 9 (gjz[s]^2 + 3 (2 d - 2) gjz[s]^5 + Bound[tG6, s]) );

, {s, {i, o}}]

```

Then we bound the open diagram using (5.1.19), for a odd number we used Chauchy-Schwarz to obtain an improved bound

```

In[207]:= Do[
  Bound[WeightedOpenBubble, 0, s] =
    VarGamma2[s] VarGamma3[s] (Varc1[s] I20 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I30);
  Bound[WeightedOpenBubble, 2, s] =
    twodgτζ[s]2 VarGamma2[s] VarGamma3[s] (Varc1[s] I22 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I32);
  Bound[WeightedOpenBubble, 1, s] =
    twodgτζ[s] VarGamma2[s] VarGamma3[s]
    √((Varc1[s] I20 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I30)
      (Varc1[s] I22 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I32));
  Bound[WeightedOpenBubble, 3, s] =
    twodgτζ[s]3 VarGamma2[s] VarGamma3[s]
    √((Varc1[s] I22 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I32)
      (Varc1[s] I24 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I34));

  Bound[WeightedOpenTriangle, 0, s] =
    VarGamma2[s]2 VarGamma3[s] (Varc1[s] I30 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I40);
  Bound[WeightedOpenTriangle, 2, s] =
    twodgτζ[s]2 VarGamma2[s]2 VarGamma3[s] (Varc1[s] I32 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I42);
  Bound[WeightedOpenTriangle, 1, s] =
    twodgτζ[s] VarGamma2[s]2 VarGamma3[s]
    √((Varc1[s] I30 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I40)
      (Varc1[s] I32 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I42));
  Bound[WeightedOpenTriangle, 3, s] =
    twodgτζ[s]3 VarGamma2[s]2 VarGamma3[s]
    √((Varc1[s] I32 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I42)
      (Varc1[s] I34 + (2 Varc2[s] + Varc4[s]) I44));
, {s, {i, 0}}]

```

We define the elements as given in (4.3.31)-(4.3.37) and (4.3.49)-(4.3.51)

```

In[208]:= Do[
  Bound[Delta, I, 0, s] = 2 twodgjz[s] Bound[tG3i, s] +
    2 Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s] + Bound[WeightedClosedTriangle, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, I, 1, s] = Bound[tG3i, s] +  $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedClosedBubble}, 2, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]}$  +
     $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedClosedTriangle}, 2, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]}$ ;
  Bound[Delta, I, 2, s] = Bound[WeightedOpenTriangle, 0, s];
  Bound[Delta, I, 3, s] = 2  $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedOpenBubble}, 2, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]}$  +
    2  $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedOpenTriangle}, 3, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]}$ ;
  Bound[Delta, I, 4, s] = Bound[WeightedOpenBubble, 1, s] +
     $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedOpenBubble}, 2, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]}$  + 2  $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedOpenTriangle}, 2, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]}$ ;
  Bound[Delta, I, 5, s] =  $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedClosedTriangle}, 2, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]^2}$ ;
  Bound[Delta, I, 6, s] = 2 Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s] +
    Bound[WeightedClosedTriangle, 4, s];

  Bound[Delta, II, 0, s] =
    twodgjz[s] Bound[tG3i, s] + Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s] +
    Bound[WeightedClosedTriangle, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, II, 1, s] =  $\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{WeightedClosedTriangle}, 2, s]}{\text{twodgjz}[s]}$ ;
  Bound[Delta, II, 2, s] = Bound[WeightedOpenTriangle, 1, s];
, {s, {i, o}}]

```

Bound on the coefficients

Definition of Initial Pieces (P, P')

To implement the bound of $N \geq 1$ we define the bounding matrices given in (4.3.27)-(4.3.53):

```

In[209]:= Do[
  (* definition of first peices, inpendent of fiota*)
  Bound[P1, 0, 0, s] =
    (3 Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + 3 Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s] +
    Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s]);
  Bound[P1, 0, 1, s] =
    (2 Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s] +
    Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s]);
  Bound[P1, 0, 2, s] =
    (Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s] +
    Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepSquare, 4, s]);
  Bound[P1, 0, -1, s] =
    (Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + 2 Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s] +
    Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s]);
  Bound[P1, 0, -2, s] =
    (Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepSquare, 4, s]);;
  (* definition of first peices, first step of the backbone goes to e_i*)
  Do[Bound[P1, IotaStep, t, s] = Bound[P1, 0, t, s], {t, {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2}}];
  Bound[P1, IotaRib, 0, s] =

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 d \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] \text{Bound}[P1, 0, 0, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \right. \\
& \quad 2 \text{Bound}[tG2, s] \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepLoop}, 4, s] + \\
& \quad \text{Bound}[tG1, s] \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \\
& \quad \text{Bound}[tG3i, s] \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] + \\
& \quad \frac{(\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s])}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepBubble}, 2, s] (*c\#x, \\
& \quad d_{\text{omega}=1*}) + 2 \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepBubble}, 3, s] \\
& \quad \left. \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] + \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] \right) (*c\#x, \right. \\
& \quad d_{\text{omega} \geq 2; u \neq v = x*}) + \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepTriangle}, 3, s] \\
& \quad \left. \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] + \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] \right) (*u \neq v \neq x*) \right); \\
& (*\text{definition of the first piece if } e_i \text{ is somewhere on the first rib*}) \\
& \text{Bound}[P1, \text{IotaRib}, 1, s] = \\
& 2 d \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] \text{Bound}[P1, 0, 1, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \right. \\
& \quad \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepTriangle}, 4, s] + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepBubble}, 2, s] + \\
& \quad \left. \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] + \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepTriangle}, 3, s] \right); \\
& \text{Bound}[P1, \text{IotaRib}, 2, s] = \\
& 2 d \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] \text{Bound}[P1, 0, 2, s] + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] + \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepSquare}, 3, s] \right); \\
& \text{Bound}[P1, \text{IotaRib}, -2, s] = \\
& 2 d \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] \text{Bound}[P1, 0, -2, s] + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] + \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepSquare}, 3, s] \right); \\
& \text{Bound}[P1, \text{IotaRib}, -1, s] = \\
& 2 d \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] \text{Bound}[P1, 0, -1, s] + \right. \\
& \quad \text{Bound}[tG1, s] (\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepLoop}, 4, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \\
& \quad \quad \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepTriangle}, 4, s]) + \\
& \quad \left. \left(\text{Bound}[tG1i, s] + \frac{1}{\text{twodgjz}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 3, s] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepTriangle}, 3, s] \right); \\
& , \{s, \{i, o\}\}
\end{aligned}$$

Definition of Initial Pieces (Q, Q')

Now we define the vectors for the first diagram of the coefficients (4.4.6)-(4.4.23)

```

In[210]:= Do[
  (* definition of first pieces, independent of fiota*)
  Bound[Q0, 0, s] = Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s];
  Bound[Q0, 1, s] = Bound[tG3i, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s];
  Bound[Q0, 2, s] = Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s];

  Do[ (*Line (4.4.10) *)
    Bound[Q1, t, s] = Bound[P1, 0, t, s] +
      Sum[Bound[Q0, r, s] Bound[A, -r, t, s], {r, 0, 2}];
    , {t, {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2}}];
  Bound[Q0, sausage, p1, 0, s] =
    Bound[tG3i, s] Bound[tG1i, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s]  $\frac{\text{Bound}[tG1i, s]}{\text{gjz}[s]}$  +
    Bound[tG2, s] (Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s]) +
    Bound[tG1, s] (Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s]);
  Bound[Q0, sausage, 0, s] =
    Bound[tG1i, s] Bound[Q0, 0, s] + Bound[Q0, sausage, p1, 0, s];
  Bound[Q0, sausage, p1, 1, s] =
    Bound[tG1i, s] Bound[Q0, 1, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s]  $\frac{\text{Bound}[tG1i, s]}{\text{gjz}[s]}$  +
    (Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s])  $\frac{\text{Bound}[tG1i, s]}{\text{gjz}[s]}$  +
    Bound[tG2, s]
    (Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s] + Bound[ClosedRepLoop, 4, s] +
    Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s]) +
    Bound[tG1, s] (Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 4, s] + Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 3, s]);
  Bound[Q0, sausage, 1, s] =
    Bound[tG1i, s] Bound[Q0, 1, s] + Bound[Q0, sausage, p1, 1, s];
  Bound[Q0, sausage, p1, 2, s] =
    (2 Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 3, s] + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s])  $\frac{\text{Bound}[tG1i, s]}{\text{gjz}[s]}$  +
    Bound[tG1, s] Bound[ClosedRepSquare, 4, s] +
    Bound[tG2, s] Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 3, s] +
    Bound[tG1, s] Bound[ClosedRepSquare, 4, s];
  Bound[Q0, sausage, 2, s] =
    Bound[tG1i, s] Bound[Q0, 2, s] + Bound[Q0, sausage, p1, 2, s];
  Do[ (*Line (4.4.14) *)
    Bound[Q1, sausage, t, s] = Sum[Bound[Q0, sausage, r, s] Bound[A, -r, t, s],
      {r, 0, 2}];
    (* improvement ot (4.4.22)*)
    Bound[Q1, step, t, s] =
      (gjz[s]^2 + Bound[tG4ik, s]) Bound[tG4ik, s]
      (Bound[A, 0, t, s] + 2 Bound[A, -1, t, s]) +
      Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 4, s]  $\frac{\text{Bound}[tG2ik, s]}{\text{gjz}[s]}$  Bound[A, -2, t, s];
    (* improvement ot (4.4.23)*)
    Bound[Q1, iota, t, s] = Bound[P1, IotaStep, t, s] + Bound[P1, IotaRib, t, s] +
      Bound[Q1, sausage, t, s] + Bound[Q1, step, t, s];
    , {t, {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2}}];
  , {s, {i, o}}]

```

Definition of the intermediate pieces ($A \bar{A}$)

```

In[211]:= Do[
  (*definition of itermediate peices, where one shared edges is counted*)
  Do[Bound[A, 0, a, s] = Bound[P1, 0, a, s], {a, {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2}}];
  Bound[A, 1, 0, s] =
    Bound[tG3i, s] +
    
$$\frac{1}{\text{twodg}jz[s]} (\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepLoop}, 4, s] + 2 \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepTriangle}, 4, s]);$$

  Bound[A, 2, 0, s] = Bound[OpenRepBubble, 2, s] + Bound[OpenRepTriangle, 2, s];

  Bound[A, 1, 1, s] =
    
$$\frac{1}{\text{twodg}jz[s]} (\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepLoop}, 4, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepTriangle}, 4, s]);$$

  Bound[A, 1, 2, s] = 
$$\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepTriangle}, 4, s]}{\text{twodg}jz[s]}$$
;
  Bound[A, 2, 1, s] = Bound[OpenRepTriangle, 2, s];
  Bound[A, 2, 2, s] = Bound[OpenRepSquare, 3, s];

  Do[
    Bound[A, -t1, 0, s] = Bound[A, t1, 0, s];
    , {t1, 1, 2}];
  Clear[t1];

  (*definition of itermediate peices, where both shared edges are not counted*)
  Do[Bound[Abar, a, 0, s] = gj[s] Bound[A, a, 0, s], {a, {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2}}];
  (* (4.3.25) *)
  Do[Bound[Abar, 0, a, s] = gj[s] Bound[A, a, 0, s], {a, {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2}}];
  (* (4.3.26) *)
  Bound[Abar, 1, 1, s] =
    gj[s]
    
$$\frac{1}{(\text{twodg}jz[s])^2} (\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepLoop}, 4, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s] + \text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepTriangle}, 4, s]);$$

  Bound[Abar, 1, 2, s] = gj[s] 
$$\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{OpenRepTriangle}, 2, s]}{\text{twodg}jz[s]}$$
;
  Bound[Abar, 2, 1, s] = Bound[Abar, 1, 2, s];
  Bound[Abar, 2, 2, s] = gj[s] Bound[OpenRepTriangle, 1, s];

  (*Using Symmetrie we define the other ones*)
  Do[Do[
    Do[
      Bound[t, a, -b, s] = Bound[t, a, b, s];
      Bound[t, -a, b, s] = Bound[t, a, b, s];
      Bound[t, -a, -b, s] = Bound[t, a, b, s];
      , {a, {1, 2}}, {b, {1, 2}}, {t, {A, Abar}}];
    (*the more complex pieces*)
    , {s, {i, o}}];

```

Definition of the Delta entries

```

In[212]:= Do[
  Bound[Delta, start, 2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, start, 1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 1, s];
  Bound[Delta, start, 0, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 0, s];
  Bound[Delta, start, -1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 1, s];
  Bound[Delta, start, -2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];

  Bound[Delta, end, 2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 4, s];
  Bound[Delta, end, 1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 3, s];
  Bound[Delta, end, 0, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 0, s];
  Bound[Delta, end, -1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 1, s];
  Bound[Delta, end, -2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];

  Bound[Delta, 0, 0, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 0, s];
  Bound[Delta, 1, 0, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 3, s];
  Bound[Delta, 0, -1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 1, s];
  Bound[Delta, -1, 0, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 1, s];
  Bound[Delta, 0, 1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 1, s];
  Bound[Delta, -1, 1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 5, s];
  Bound[Delta, -1, -1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 5, s];
  Bound[Delta, 1, 1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 6, s];
  Bound[Delta, 1, -1, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 6, s];

  Do[
    Bound[Delta, -2, t, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
    Bound[Delta, 2, t, s] = 2 Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
    , {t, -2, 2}];
  Bound[Delta, -1, 2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, -1, -2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, 1, 2, s] = 2 Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, 1, -2, s] = 2 Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, 0, 2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
  Bound[Delta, 0, -2, s] = Bound[Delta, I, 2, s];
  Do[
    Bound[Delta, iotaI, t, s] = Bound[Delta, II, Abs[t], s] + Bound[Delta, I, Abs[t], s] +
      Bound[tG1i, s] Bound[Delta, 0, t, s] + Bound[tG3i, s] Bound[Delta, -1, t, s] +
      
$$\frac{\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s]}{\text{twodgτζ}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{Delta}, -2, t, s];$$

    Bound[Delta, iotaII, t, s] =
      Bound[Delta, II, Abs[t], s] + Bound[Delta, I, Abs[t], s] +
      Bound[tG1i, s] Bound[Delta, 0, t, s] + 2 Bound[tG3i, s] Bound[Delta, -1, t, s] +
      
$$2 \frac{\text{Bound}[\text{ClosedRepBubble}, 4, s]}{\text{twodgτζ}[s]} \text{Bound}[\text{Delta}, -2, t, s] +$$

      2 twodgτζ[s] Bound[P1, IotaRib, t, s];
    , {t, -2, 2}];
  , {s, {i, o}}]

```

Then we define the pieces for the non-trivial first triangle ($b_0 \neq 0$) and the entries to bound $\Xi_z(0) - \Xi_z(k)$, see (4.4.25)-(4.4.28):

```

ln[213]:= Do[
  Bound[hQZero, 0, s] = twodgjz[s] Bound[tG3i, s] + Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s];
  Bound[hQZero, 1, s] = Bound[tG3i, s] +  $\frac{\text{Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s]}}{\text{twodgjz[s]}}$ ;
  Bound[hQZero, 2, s] = Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 0, s];
  Do[
    Bound[DeltaQ, start, t, s] = Bound[Delta, start, t, s] +
      2 (Sum[Bound[Q1, c, s] Bound[Delta, c, -2, s] +
        Bound[hQZero, c, s] Bound[A, c, t, s], {c, 0, 2}]);
    , {t, -2, 2};
    , {s, {i, o}}];

```

Next we bound $\Delta^{\text{iota}, I}$ and $\Delta^{\text{iota}, II}$ as drawn Figure 4.18. The first and third images contribution also present for LT. The first bound the second diagram ($b_0 = (v, e_i)$) with $n \neq 0$ (step).

AS next we bound $\Delta^{\text{iota}, I}$ and $\Delta^{\text{iota}, I}$ as drawn in Figure 4.18. The first and third diagram are also present for LT and are bounded by Bound[Delta,iotaI or iotaI,t,s]. The second diagram corresponds to ($b_0 = (v, e_1)$), with $v \neq 0$. we bound this diagram in Bound[DeltaQ,I/I-step,t,s]. Then be bound the fourth diagam (ribpart1). Then we declare the bounds on forth and sixth diagram (ribpart2)

```

ln[214]:= Do[
  Do[
    Bound[DeltaQ, II, step, t, s] =
      Bound[tG2ik, s] Bound[tG3i, s] (Bound[Delta, -1, t, s] + 2 Bound[Delta, -2, t, s]) +
      Bound[tG2ik, s] Bound[OpenRepBubble, 4, s] Bound[Delta, -2, t, s];
    Bound[DeltaQ, I, step, t, s] =
      Bound[DeltaQ, II, step, t, s] +
      Bound[tG2ik, s] Bound[tG3i, s] (Bound[Abar, -1, t, s] + 2 Bound[Abar, -2, t, s]) +
      Bound[tG2ik, s] Bound[OpenRepBubble, 4, s] Bound[Abar, -2, t, s];
    Bound[DeltaQ, I, ribpart1, t, s] =
      2 d Bound[tG1i, s]
      (Bound[Delta, start, -t, s] +
        2 (Sum[Bound[P1, 0, -c, s] Bound[Delta, -c, t, s] +
          Bound[Delta, start, -c, s] Bound[A, -c, t, s], {c, 0, 2}]); (* u = 0 *)
    Bound[DeltaQ, II, ribpart1, t, s] =
      Bound[DeltaQ, I, ribpart1, t, s] +
      2 d Bound[tG1i, s] Sum[Bound[P1, 0, -c, s] Bound[A, -c, t, s], {c, 0, 2}];

    Bound[DeltaQ, I, ribpart2, t, s] =
      2 Sum[Bound[Q0, sausage, p1, c, s] Bound[Delta, -c, t, s], {c, 0, 2}] +
      2 Bound[WeightedOpenBubble, 0, s] Bound[OpenRepTriangle, 3, s]
      Sum[ Bound[A, -c, t, s], {c, 0, 2}] +
      2 Bound[WeightedClosedTriangle, 2, s] Bound[tG1, s]
      ( Bound[A, 0, t, s] + Bound[A, 2, t, s]) +
      2 Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s] Bound[tG1, s] Bound[A, 2, t, s] +
      4 Bound[WeightedOpenBubble, 0, s] Bound[ClosedRepTriangle, 3, s];
    Bound[DeltaQ, II, ribpart2, t, s] =
      Bound[DeltaQ, I, ribpart2, t, s] +
      Sum[Bound[Q0, sausage, r, s] Bound[A, -r, t, s], {r, 0, 2}]
    , {t, -2, 2};
  Do[
    Bound[DeltaQ, I, t, s] = Bound[Delta, iotaI, t, s] +
      Sum[Bound[DeltaQ, I, a, t, s], {a, {step, ribpart1, ribpart2}}];
    Bound[DeltaQ, II, t, s] =
      Bound[Delta, iotaII, t, s] + Sum[Bound[DeltaQ, II, a, t, s],
      {a, {step, ribpart1, ribpart2}}];
    , {t, -2, 2};
    , {s, {i, o}}];

```


Definition of the vectors and matrices

We condition on the length of the backbone and identify whether the backbone is on the top or bottom of the diagram.

- the backbone in on the bottom, $\bar{d}(u, v) \geq 2$.
- the backbone in on the bottom, $\bar{d}(u, v) = 1$.
$u = v$
- the backbone in on the top, $\bar{d}(u, v) = 1$.
- the backbone in on the top, $\bar{d}(u, v) \geq 2$.

```
In[215]= Do[
  VectorP1[normal, s] = Table[Bound[P1, 0, r - 3, s], {r, 1, 5}];
  VectorP1[iota, s] = Table[Bound[P1, IotaStep, r - 3, s] + Bound[P1, IotaRib, r - 3, s],
    {r, 1, 5}];
  VectorQ1[normal, s] = Table[Bound[Q1, r - 3, s], {r, 1, 5}];
  VectorQ1[iota, s] = Table[Bound[Q1, iota, r - 3, s], {r, 1, 5}];

  (*MatrixA[s]=Table[Max[Bound[A,r-3,t-3,s],Bound[A,t-3,r-3,s]],{t,1,5},
    {r,1,5}];*)
  MatrixA[s] = Table[Bound[A, r - 3, t - 3, s], {t, 1, 5}, {r, 1, 5}];
  MatrixAbar[s] = Table[Bound[Abar, r - 3, t - 3, s], {t, 1, 5}, {r, 1, 5}];
  VectorAbar[s] = Table[Bound[Abar, r - 3, 0, s], {r, 1, 5}];

  VectorDelta[startQ, s] = Table[Bound[DeltaQ, start, r - 3, s], {r, 1, 5}];
  VectorDelta[end, s] = Table[Bound[Delta, end, r - 3, s], {r, 1, 5}];
  VectorDelta[iotaIQ, s] = Table[Bound[DeltaQ, I, r - 3, s], {r, 1, 5}];
  VectorDelta[iotaIIQ, s] = Table[Bound[DeltaQ, II, r - 3, s], {r, 1, 5}];
  MatrixDelta[s] = Table[Bound[Delta, r - 3, t - 3, s], {t, 1, 5}, {r, 1, 5}];
  , {s, {i, 0}}]
```

To compute the geometric sum over matrices we compute a representation of $P^{(1)}$ and $P^{(1)^\epsilon}$ by eigenvalue of the matrices A:

```
In[216]= Do[
  EigenA[s] = Eigensystem[Transpose[MatrixA[s]]];
  InverseProductP[normal, s] =
    Inverse[Transpose[EigenA[s][[2]]]].VectorP1[normal, s];
  InverseProductQ[normal, s] =
    Inverse[Transpose[EigenA[s][[2]]]].VectorQ1[normal, s];
  InverseProductQ[iota, s] = Inverse[Transpose[EigenA[s][[2]]]].VectorQ1[iota, s];
  Do[
    EigenVectorP[normal, j, s] = EigenA[s][[2, j]] * InverseProductP[normal, s][[j]];
    EigenVectorQ[normal, j, s] = EigenA[s][[2, j]] * InverseProductQ[normal, s][[j]];
    EigenVectorQ[iota, j, s] = EigenA[s][[2, j]] * InverseProductQ[iota, s][[j]];
    EigenValue[j, s] = EigenA[s][[1, j]];
    , {j, 1, 5}
  , {s, {i, 0}}]
```

Bound for k=0

Now we first implement the bound on the absolute values of the coefficients stated in Lemma 4.4.5, 4.4.6 and Proposition 4.4.8

```

ln[217]:= Do[
  Bound[Xi, normal, 0, s] = Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s]; (*Bound for  $\Xi$ ,
  we extract the contribution of  $\Xi_i^{(0)}(0)=1$ , explicitly in the analysis*)
  Bound[Xi, iota, 0, s] = Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s] +
    rho[s] Bound[tG1, s] (1 + Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s]);

  Bound[Xi, normal, 1, s] = rho[s] Bound[Q1, 0, s];
  Bound[Xi, iota, 1, s] =  $\frac{\text{rho}[s]}{2 d}$  Bound[Q1, iota, 0, s];
  factor[normal] = rho[s];
  factor[iota] =  $\frac{\text{rho}[s]}{2 d}$ ;
  Do[
    Bound[Xi, t, 2, s] = factor[t] VectorQ1[t, s].VectorAbar[s];
    Bound[Xi, t, 3, s] =
      factor[t] VectorQ1[t, s].MatrixAbar[s].VectorP1[normal, s];
    Bound[Xi, t, EvenTail, s] =
      Bound[Xi, t, 2, s] +
      Abs[
        factor[t]
        Sum[EigenVectorQ[t, j, s].MatrixAbar[s].VectorP1[normal, s] /
          (1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2) EigenValue[j, s], {j, 1, 5}]];
    Bound[Xi, t, OddTail, s] =
      Bound[Xi, t, 3, s] +
      Abs[
        factor[t]
        Sum[EigenVectorQ[t, j, s].MatrixAbar[s].VectorP1[normal, s] /
          (1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2) EigenValue[j, s]^2, {j, 1, 5}]];
    , {t, {normal, iota}}];
    Bound[Xi, normal, Even, s] = Bound[Xi, normal, EvenTail, s];
    (* recall here that extract the contribution of  $\Xi^{(0)}(x)=\delta_{0,x}$  in the analysis.*)
    Bound[Xi, iota, Even, s] = Bound[Xi, iota, 0, s] + Bound[Xi, iota, EvenTail, s];

  Do[
    Bound[Xi, t, Odd, s] = Bound[Xi, t, 1, s] + Bound[Xi, t, OddTail, s];
    Bound[Xi, t, Absolut, s] = Bound[Xi, t, Odd, s] + Bound[Xi, t, Even, s];
    , {t, {normal, iota}}];
  , {s, {i, o}}];

```

Bounds for $\hat{\Xi}^{(N)}(0)-\hat{\Xi}^{(N)}(k)$ for $N=0,1,2,3$

We now compute the bound as given in Lemma 4.4.5,4.4.6 and Proposition 4.4.8

```

In[218]:= Do[
  Bound[Xi, normal, 0, Delta, 0, s] = Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 0, s];
  Bound[Xi, iota, 0, Delta, 0, s] =
    (1 + (2 d - 1) Bound[tG1i, s]) Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s];

  Bound[Xi, iota, 0, Delta, ei, s] =
    Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s] + 2 d Bound[tG1i, s] +
    2 (2 d Bound[tG1, s] Bound[ClosedRepBubble, 3, s] +
    2 d Bound[tG1, s] Bound[WeightedClosedBubble, 2, s]);

  Bound[Xi, iota, 1, Delta, 0, s] = rho[s] Bound[DeltaQ, I, 0, s];
  Bound[Xi, iota, 1, Delta, ei, s] = rho[s] Bound[DeltaQ, II, 0, s];
  Bound[Xi, normal, 1, Delta, 0, s] = rho[s] Bound[DeltaQ, start, 0, s];

  Bound[Xi, normal, 2, Delta, 0, s] =
    2 rho[s] (VectorQ1[normal, s].VectorDelta[end, s] +
    VectorDelta[startQ, s].VectorP1[normal, s]);
  Bound[Xi, iota, 2, Delta, 0, s] =
    2 rho[s]
    (VectorQ1[iota, s].VectorDelta[end, s] +
    VectorDelta[iotaIQ, s].VectorP1[normal, s]);
  Bound[Xi, iota, 2, Delta, ei, s] =
    2 rho[s]
    (VectorQ1[iota, s].VectorDelta[end, s] +
    VectorDelta[iotaIIQ, s].VectorP1[normal, s]);

, {s, {i, o}}]

```

Bound for N=3

```

In[219]:= Do[
  Bound[Xi, normal, 3, Delta, 0, s] =
    3 rho[s] VectorDelta[startQ, s].MatrixA[s].VectorP1[normal, s] +
    3 rho[s] VectorQ1[normal, s].MatrixA[s].VectorDelta[end, s] +
    3 rho[s] VectorQ1[normal, s].MatrixDelta[s].VectorP1[normal, s];
  Bound[Xi, iota, 3, Delta, 0, s] =
    3 rho[s] VectorDelta[iotaIQ, s].MatrixA[s].VectorP1[normal, s] +
    3 rho[s] VectorQ1[iota, s].MatrixA[s].VectorDelta[end, s] +
    3 rho[s] VectorQ1[iota, s].MatrixDelta[s].VectorP1[normal, s];
  Bound[Xi, iota, 3, Delta, ei, s] =
    3 rho[s] VectorDelta[iotaIIQ, s].MatrixA[s].VectorP1[normal, s] +
    3 rho[s] VectorQ1[iota, s].MatrixA[s].VectorDelta[end, s] +
    3 rho[s] VectorQ1[iota, s].MatrixDelta[s].VectorP1[normal, s];

, {s, {i, o}}]

```

Bounds for $\hat{\Xi}(0)$ - $\hat{\Xi}(k)$ for $N \geq 4$

Bounds for $\hat{\Xi}(0)$ - $\hat{\Xi}(k)$ for $N \geq 4$

We compute the sum over the bound of Proposition 4.4.8 over even N using the technique of Section 5.3.

```

In[220]:= Do[
  Bound[Xi, normal, EvenTail, Delta, 0, s] =
  Abs[
    rho[s] 2

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\text{Sum}[\text{VectorDelta}[\text{startQ}, s].\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2} + \frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}] + \right. \\
& \quad \text{Sum}[\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{normal}, j, s].\text{VectorDelta}[\text{end}, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \\
& \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2} + \frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}] + \right. \\
& \quad \text{Sum}[(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^3) / (1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2, \\
& \quad \{j, 1, 5\}].\text{Sum}\left[\frac{\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s]}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2}, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] + \\
& \quad \text{Sum}[(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2) / (1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2, \\
& \quad \{j, 1, 5\}].\text{Sum}[(\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]) / \\
& \quad \left. \left. (1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] \right];
\end{aligned}$$

Bound[Xi, iota, EvenTail, Delta, 0, s] =

Abs[

rho[s] 2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\text{Sum}[\text{VectorDelta}[\text{iotaIQ}, s].\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2} + \frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}] + \right. \\
& \quad \text{Sum}[\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s].\text{VectorDelta}[\text{end}, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \\
& \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2} + \frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}] + \right. \\
& \quad \text{Sum}[(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^3) / (1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2, \\
& \quad \{j, 1, 5\}].\text{Sum}\left[\frac{\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s]}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2}, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] + \\
& \quad \text{Sum}[(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2) / (1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2, \\
& \quad \{j, 1, 5\}].\text{Sum}[(\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]) / \\
& \quad \left. \left. (1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] \right];
\end{aligned}$$

Bound[Xi, iota, EvenTail, Delta, ei, s] =

Abs[

rho[s] 2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\text{Sum}[\text{VectorDelta}[\text{iotaIIQ}, s].\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2} + \frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}] + \right. \\
& \quad \text{Sum}[\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s].\text{VectorDelta}[\text{end}, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \\
& \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2} + \frac{1}{(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}] + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. (1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2)^2, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] \right];
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^3\right) / \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \right. \\
& \quad \left. \{j, 1, 5\}\right]. \text{Sum}\left[\frac{\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s]}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2}, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] + \\
& \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right) / \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \right. \\
& \quad \left. \{j, 1, 5\}\right]. \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]\right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \{j, 1, 5\}\right]\right]; \\
& , \{s, \{i, o\}\};
\end{aligned}$$

Now we compute the sum over odd N

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{In[221]:= Do[} \\
& \text{Bound}[\text{Xi}, \text{normal}, \text{OddTail}, \text{Delta}, 0, s] = \\
& \text{Abs[} \\
& \quad \text{rho}[s] \\
& \quad \left(2 \text{Sum}[\text{VectorDelta}[\text{startQ}, s].\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2} + \frac{2}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}\right] + \\
& \quad 2 \text{Sum}[\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{normal}, j, s].\text{VectorDelta}[\text{end}, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \\
& \quad \quad \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2} + \frac{2}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}\right] + \\
& \quad 2 \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^3\right) / \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \{j, 1, 5\}\right]. \text{Sum}\left[\frac{\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s]}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2}, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] - \\
& \quad \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right) / \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \{j, 1, 5\}\right]. \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]\right) / \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \{j, 1, 5\}\right]\right]; \\
& \text{Bound}[\text{Xi}, \text{iota}, \text{OddTail}, \text{Delta}, 0, s] = \\
& \text{Abs[} \\
& \quad \text{rho}[s] \\
& \quad \left(2 \text{Sum}[\text{VectorDelta}[\text{iotaIQ}, s].\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2} + \frac{2}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}\right] + \\
& \quad 2 \text{Sum}[\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s].\text{VectorDelta}[\text{end}, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2 \\
& \quad \quad \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2} + \frac{2}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)} \right), \{j, 1, 5\}\right] + \\
& \quad 2 \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^3\right) / \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \{j, 1, 5\}\right]. \text{Sum}\left[\frac{\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s]}{\left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2}, \{j, 1, 5\}\right] - \\
& \quad \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorQ}[\text{iota}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right) / \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \{j, 1, 5\}\right]. \text{Sum}\left[\left(\text{EigenvectorP}[\text{normal}, j, s] \text{EigenValue}[j, s]\right) / \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left(1 - \text{EigenValue}[j, s]^2\right)^2, \{j, 1, 5\}\right]\right]; \\
&]
\end{aligned}$$

```

    {j, 1, 5}].Sum[(EigenVectorP[normal, j, s] EigenValue[j, s]) /
    (1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)^2, {j, 1, 5}]]];

Bound[Xi, iota, OddTail, Delta, ei, s] =
Abs[
rho[s]
(
2 Sum[VectorDelta[iotaIIQ, s].EigenVectorP[normal, j, s] EigenValue[j, s]^2
(
(
(1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)^2 + (1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)
), {j, 1, 5}] +
2 Sum[EigenVectorQ[iota, j, s].VectorDelta[end, s] EigenValue[j, s]^2
(
(
(1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)^2 + (1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)
), {j, 1, 5}] +
2 Sum[(EigenVectorQ[iota, j, s] EigenValue[j, s]^3) / (1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)^2,
{j, 1, 5}].Sum[
(EigenVectorP[normal, j, s]
(1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)^2), {j, 1, 5}] -
Sum[(EigenVectorQ[iota, j, s] EigenValue[j, s]^2) / (1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)^2,
{j, 1, 5}].Sum[(EigenVectorP[normal, j, s] EigenValue[j, s]) /
(1 - EigenValue[j, s]^2)^2, {j, 1, 5}]]];
, {s, {i, o}}];

```

Summation of the Delta Bounds

```

In[222]:= Do[
Do[
Bound[Xi, t, Even, Delta, 0, s] =
Bound[Xi, t, 0, Delta, 0, s] + Bound[Xi, t, 2, Delta, 0, s] +
Bound[Xi, t, EvenTail, Delta, 0, s];
Bound[Xi, t, Odd, Delta, 0, s] =
Bound[Xi, t, 1, Delta, 0, s] + Bound[Xi, t, 3, Delta, 0, s] +
Bound[Xi, t, EvenTail, Delta, 0, s];
Bound[Xi, t, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] =
Bound[Xi, t, Odd, Delta, 0, s] + Bound[Xi, t, Even, Delta, 0, s];
, {t, {normal, iota}}];

Bound[Xi, iota, Even, Delta, ei, s] =
Bound[Xi, iota, 0, Delta, ei, s] + Bound[Xi, iota, 2, Delta, ei, s] +
Bound[Xi, iota, EvenTail, Delta, ei, s];
Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, Delta, ei, s] =
Bound[Xi, iota, 1, Delta, ei, s] + Bound[Xi, iota, 3, Delta, ei, s] +
Bound[Xi, iota, OddTail, Delta, ei, s];
Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, ei, s] =
Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, Delta, ei, s] + Bound[Xi, iota, Even, Delta, ei, s];
, {s, {i, o}}]

```

Computation of constants of Proposition 3.3.1

In this section we perform the computations of Section 3.4. to obtain the constances stated in Proposition 3.3.1:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_k |F(x)| &\leq K_F = \text{Bound}[\text{KF}] \\
 \text{Bound}[\text{KPhi}, 1] &= \underline{K}_\Phi \leq \hat{\Phi}(0) \leq \bar{K}_\Phi = \text{Bound}[\text{KPhi}, 2] \\
 \text{Bound}[\text{KPhiabs}, 1] &= \underline{K}_{|\Phi|} \leq \sum_k |\Phi(x)| \leq \bar{K}_{|\Phi|} = \text{Bound}[\text{KPhiabs}, 2] \\
 \sum_{k \neq 0} |\Phi_z(x)| &\leq K_{|\Phi|} = \text{Bound}[\text{KPhiWithoutZero}]
 \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_k F(x)[1 - \cos(k.x)] &\geq K_{\text{Lower}}[1 - \hat{D}(k)] \\
 \sum_k |F(x)| [1 - \cos(k.x)] &\leq K_{\Delta F}[1 - \hat{D}(k)] \\
 \sum_k |\Phi_z(x)| [1 - \cos(k.x)] &\leq K_{\Delta \Phi}[1 - \hat{D}(k)]
 \end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

Bound on absolute value K_F and K_Φ

```

In[223]:= Do[
  alpha[s] =  $\frac{\text{twodgz}[s]}{2 d}$ ;
  baralpha[s] =  $\frac{\text{twodgz}[s]}{2 d}$ ;
  Bound[KPsi, s] = rho[s] +  $\frac{2 d - 2}{2 d}$  Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s];
  Bound[KF, s] =
    (2 d baralpha[s]) / (1 - alpha[s] - (2 d - 2) alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s])
    Bound[KPsi, s];
  Bound[KPhiup, s] = 1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Even, s] +
    Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] Bound[KF, s];
  Bound[KPhidown, s] = 1 - Bound[Xi, normal, Odd, s] -
    Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] Bound[KF, s];
  Bound[KPhiabsup, s] = 1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s] +
    Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] Bound[KF, s];
  Bound[KPhiabsdown, s] = 1 - Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s] -
    Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] Bound[KF, s];
  Bound[KPhiWithoutZero, s] =
    Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s] + Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] Bound[KF, s];
, {s, {i, o}}]

```

Bounds on differences

Next we implement the computation of Section 3.4.3. First the differences of F_1 and Φ_1 , lines (3.4.26), (3.4.27), (3.4.29)

```

ln[224]= Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Lower, i] =
  
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[i]}{1 - \alpha[i]^2}$$

  (1 - Bound[tG1i, i] - Bound[Xi, normal, Odd, Delta, 0, i] - Bound[Xi, normal, Odd, i] -
  alpha[i] Bound[Xi, normal, Even, Delta, 0, i]);
Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Absolut, i] =
  
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[i]}{1 - \alpha[i]^2}$$

  (rho[i] + (1 + alpha[i]) Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, i] +
  Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, i]);
Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Lower, o] =
  Min[ $\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[i]}{1 - \alpha[i]^2}$ ,  $\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[o]}{1 - \alpha[o]^2}$ ]
  (1 - Bound[tG1i, o] - Bound[Xi, normal, Odd, Delta, 0, o] - Bound[Xi, normal, Odd, o] -
  alpha[o] Bound[Xi, normal, Even, Delta, 0, o]);
Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Absolut, o] =
  Max[ $\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[i]}{1 - \alpha[i]^2}$ ,  $\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[o]}{1 - \alpha[o]^2}$ ]
  (rho[i] + (1 + alpha[o]) Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, o] +
  Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, o]);
Do[
  Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part1, s] = Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] +
  
$$\frac{\text{baralpha}[s]}{1 - \alpha[s]^2}$$

  (2 d Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] +
  (1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s]) Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, ei, s] +
  2 d alpha[s] Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, s]
  Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] +
  alpha[s] (1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s])
  Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, 0, s]);
, {s, {i, o}}]

```

Then the differences of F_2 and Φ_2 : For the bound in (3.4.30), (3.4.32) and (3.4.35)


```

In[229]:= Do[
  Bound[DifferencefF, Part2, Lower, s] =
    - 
$$\frac{(2 d \text{baralpha}[s])^2}{1 - \alpha[s]^2}$$

    (Bound[Xi, normal, Odd, Delta, 0, s] Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, s] +
      Bound[Xi, normal, Even, Delta, 0, s] Bound[Xi, iota, Even, s])
    - 
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[s]^2}{1 - \alpha[s]^2} \left( \rho[s] + \frac{2 d - 2}{2 d} \text{Bound}[Xi, \text{normal}, \text{Even}, s] \right)$$

    ( Bound[Xi, iota, Even, Delta, ei, s] + 2 d Bound[Xi, iota, Even, s] +
      alpha[s]^2 Bound[Xi, iota, Even, Delta, 0, s] +
      alpha[s] (Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, Delta, ei, s] + Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, Delta, 0, s] +
        2 d Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, s]) ) -
    
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[s]^2}{1 - \alpha[s]^2} \left( \frac{2 d - 2}{2 d} \text{Bound}[Xi, \text{normal}, \text{Odd}, s] \right)$$

    ( Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, Delta, ei, s] + 2 d Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, s] +
      alpha[s]^2 Bound[Xi, iota, Odd, Delta, 0, s] +
      alpha[s] (Bound[Xi, iota, Even, Delta, ei, s] +
        Bound[Xi, iota, Even, Delta, 0, s] + 2 d Bound[Xi, iota, Even, s]) );
  Bound[DifferencefF, Part2, Absolut, s] =
    
$$\frac{(2 d \text{baralpha}[s])^2}{1 - \alpha[s]^2} \text{Bound}[Xi, \text{normal}, \text{Absolut}, \text{Delta}, 0, s]$$

    Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s]
    + 
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[s]^2}{(1 - \alpha[s]^2) (1 + \alpha[s])} \left( \rho[s] + \frac{2 d - 2}{2 d} \text{Bound}[Xi, \text{normal}, \text{Absolut}, s] \right)$$

    ( Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, ei, s] + 2 d Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] +
      alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] );
  Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part2, s] =
    
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[s]^2}{(1 - \alpha[s]^2)}$$

    ( 2 d Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s]^2 +
      2 (1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s])
      
$$\frac{\text{Bound}[Xi, \text{iota}, \text{Absolut}, s]}{1 + \alpha[s]}$$

      (Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, ei, s] +
        alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, 0, s]) );
  , {s, {i, o}}]

```

Finally, we compute the differences of F_3 and Φ_3 , lines (4.4.37) and (4.4.38)

```

In[230]:= Do[
  tmp = 
$$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{2 d \alpha[s] \text{Bound}[Xi, \text{iota}, \text{Absolut}, s]}{1 - \alpha[s]}}$$
;
  Bound[DifferencefF, Part3, Absolut, s] =
  Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] 
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[s]}{(1 - \alpha[s])^3}$$

  (2 d alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s])2 tmp +
  (1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s]) 
$$\frac{\text{baralpha}[s] (2 d \alpha[s])^2}{(1 - \alpha[s])^2 (1 - \alpha[s]^2)}$$

  Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] tmp2
  (Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, ei, s] +
  alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, 0, s]) +
  (1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s]) 
$$\frac{\text{baralpha}[s] (2 d \alpha[s])^2}{(1 - \alpha[s])^2 (1 - \alpha[s]^2)}$$

  Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s] tmp
  (Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, ei, s] +
  alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] +
  2 d Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s]);

  Bound[DifferencefF, Part3, Lower, s] = -Bound[DifferencefF, Part3, Absolut, s];
  Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part3, s] =
  Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, Delta, 0, s] 
$$\frac{2 d \text{baralpha}[s] \text{Bound}[Xi, \text{iota}, \text{Absolut}, s]}{(1 - \alpha[s])^3}$$

  (2 d alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s])2 tmp +
  (1 + Bound[Xi, normal, Absolut, s])
  (baralpha[s] (2 d alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, s])2) /
  ((1 - alpha[s])2 (1 - alpha[s]2)) (tmp2 + tmp)
  
$$\frac{1}{1 + \alpha[s]}$$
 (Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, ei, s] +
  alpha[s] Bound[Xi, iota, Absolut, Delta, 0, s]);

  Bound[KDeltaFLower, s] =
  1 / (Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Lower, s] + Bound[DifferencefF, Part2, Lower, s] +
  Bound[DifferencefF, Part3, Lower, s]);
  Bound[KDeltaF, s] = Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Absolut, s] +
  Bound[DifferencefF, Part2, Absolut, s] + Bound[DifferencefF, Part3, Absolut, s];
  Bound[KDeltaPhi, s] = Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part1, s] + Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part2, s] +
  Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part3, s];
  Clear[tmp];
  , {s, {i, o}}]

```

Check of the sufficient condition

Now we can compute whether $P(\gamma, \Gamma, z)$ is satisfied, see Definition 3.3.2.

```
In[231]:= Do[
  NoBLEBoundF1[s] =  $\frac{1 + \frac{2d-2}{2d-1} \text{Gamma1 Bound}[Xi, \text{iota}, \text{Even}, s]}{\text{rho}[s] - \frac{2d-2}{2d} \text{Bound}[Xi, \text{normal}, \text{Odd}, s]}$ ;
  NoBLEBoundF2[s] =  $\frac{2d-2}{2d-1} \text{Bound}[KPhiabsup, s] \text{Bound}[KDeltaFLower, s]$ ;
  , {s, {i, o}}]
```

and we compute for f_3

```
In[232]:= Do[
  NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, s] =  $\frac{1}{2c1} \text{Bound}[KDeltaFLower, s] \text{Bound}[KDeltaPhi, s]$ ;
  NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, s] =  $\frac{1}{2c2} \text{Bound}[KPhiabsup, s] \text{Bound}[KDeltaF, s]$ 
  Bound[KDeltaFLower, s]2;
  NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, s] =
   $2 \frac{\text{Bound}[KDeltaFLower, s]^2}{c3}$ 
   $\sqrt{(\text{Bound}[KDeltaF, s] \text{Bound}[KDeltaPhi, s] \text{Bound}[KPhiWithoutZero, s] \text{Bound}[KF, s])}$ ;
  NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, s] =
   $2 \frac{\text{Bound}[KDeltaFLower, s]^2}{c4}$ 
   $(2 \text{Bound}[KPhiabsup, s] \text{Bound}[KDeltaF, s]^2 \text{Bound}[KDeltaFLower, s] +$ 
   $\sqrt{(\text{Bound}[KDeltaF, s] \text{Bound}[KDeltaPhi, s] \text{Bound}[KPhiWithoutZero, s]$ 
   $\text{Bound}[KF, s])})$ ;
  NoBLEBoundF3[s] = Max[NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, s], NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, s],
  NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, s], NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, s]];
  , {s, {i, o}}]
```

We finally check

```
In[233]:= Do[
  Succes[f1, s] = NoBLEBoundF1[s] < Gamma1;
  Succes[f2, s] = NoBLEBoundF2[s] < Gamma2;
  Succes[f3, s] = NoBLEBoundF3[s] < Gamma3;
  Succes[s] = Succes[f1, s] && Succes[f2, s] && Succes[f3, s];
  , {s, {i, o}}]
  Succes[overall] = Succes[i] && Succes[o];
```

Result

The overall result

The statement that the bootstrap was succesful is

```
In[235]:= Succes[overall]
```

```
Out[235]= True
```

If this succedes than the analysis of Section 3.3 can be used to proved mean-field behavior for LT.

Assuming the bootstrap was succesful we prove the following bounds: The infrared bound in (3.3.12) and (3.3.13) hold with

```
In[236]:= 
$$\frac{2d-2}{2d-1} \text{Gamma2}(* \geq G_z(k) [1-\hat{D}(k)] *)$$

Max[Bound[KDeltaFLower, o], 1]
(* Nominator in (4.3.13) *)
```

```
Out[236]= 1.12967
```

```
Out[237]= 1.13924
```

Further, we have proven that $g_{z_c z_c}$ is smaller than

```
In[238]:= 
$$\frac{1}{2d-1} \text{Gamma1}$$

```

```
Out[238]= 0.0104993
```

and that g_{z_c} smaller than

```
In[239]:= Gamma1 * Exp[1]
```

```
Out[239]= 2.76838
```

The improvement of bounds

```
In[240]:= bubbles = {Graphics[{Green, Disk[{0, 0}, 0.8]}, ImageSize -> 30],
Graphics[{Red, Disk[{0, 0}, 0.8]}, ImageSize -> 40]};
tableClassicCheck =
  {{Bounds, Init - f1, Init - f2, Init1 - f3, Init2 - f3, Init3 - f3, Init4 - f3,
f1, f2, f31, f32, f33, f34}, {Gamma, Gamma1, Gamma2, Gamma3, Gamma3,
Gamma3, Gamma3, Gamma1, Gamma2, Gamma3, Gamma3, Gamma3, Gamma3 },
{Bounds, NoBLEBoundF1[i], NoBLEBoundF2[i], NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, i],
NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, i], NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, i], NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, i],
NoBLEBoundF1[o], NoBLEBoundF2[o], NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, o],
NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, o], NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, o], NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, o] },
{ check,
If[NoBLEBoundF1[i] < Gamma1, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF2[i] < Gamma2, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, i] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, i] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, i] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, i] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF1[o] < Gamma1, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF2[o] < Gamma2, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, o] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, o] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, o] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
If[NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, o] < Gamma3, bubbles[[1]], bubbles[[2]]],
},
{Required, NoBLEBoundF1[i], NoBLEBoundF2[i], NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, i] / Gamma3,
NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, i] / Gamma3, NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, i] * c3 / Gamma3,
NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, i] * c4 / Gamma3, NoBLEBoundF1[o], NoBLEBoundF2[o],
NoBLEBoundF3[Part1, o] * c1 / Gamma3, NoBLEBoundF3[Part2, o] * c2 / Gamma3,
NoBLEBoundF3[Part3, o] * c3 / Gamma3, NoBLEBoundF3[Part4, o] * c4 / Gamma3}};
Labeled[Grid[tableClassicCheck, Alignment -> {Center}, Frame -> True,
Dividers -> {{2 -> True, -1 -> True}, {2 -> True}}, ItemStyle -> {1 -> Bold, 1 -> Bold},
Background -> {Automatic, Automatic, {{2, 2}, {2, 15}} -> GrayLevel[0.7]}],
Style["Result for Dimension " Text[d], Bold], Top] // Text
```

Result for Dimension 49

Boun- ds	Init - f ₁	Init - f ₂	Init1 - f ₃	Init2 - f ₃	Init3 - f ₃	Init4 - f ₃	f ₁	f ₂	f ₃₁	f ₃₂	f ₃₃	f ₃₄
Gam- ma	1.018	1.141	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.018	1.141	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Boun- ds	1.0181	1.057	0.435	0.932	0.599	0.779	1.018	1.141	1.199	1.2	1.199	1.2
check												
Requ- ire- d	1.0181	1.057	0.363	0.777	0.053	4.737	1.018	1.141	0.075	0.657	0.107	7.294
		41	293	028	705	73	43	44	641	043	578	37
					8				7			

In the following we give a semi-automate procedure to find appropriate value for the constants Γ_i and c_i .

Initially we guess a good value for the constant and make a first computation. Then we deactivate there initial definition at the top of the document and use the code below. We recompile the document a number of times and hope that the algorithm below converges to a fixed point.

```
In[243]= (*d=49;  
          {d,Gamma1,Gamma2,Gamma3,c1,c2,c3,c4}  
          Gamma1=NoBLEBoundF1[o]+0.000001;  
          Gamma2=NoBLEBoundF2[o]+0.000001;  
          c1=NoBLEBoundF3[Part1,o]*c1/Gamma3+0.00001;  
          c2=NoBLEBoundF3[Part2,o]*c2/Gamma3+0.00001;  
          c3=NoBLEBoundF3[Part3,o]*c3/Gamma3+0.00001;  
          c4=NoBLEBoundF3[Part4,o]*c4/Gamma3+0.0001;  
          {d,Gamma1,Gamma2,Gamma3,c1,c2,c3,c4}*)  
{49,1.00789,1.15215,1.2,0.0705639,0.655501,0.187407,7.27392}
```

Print out of the computed bounds in the coefficients

```

In[244]:= Do[
  MethodeFourTable[s] = {{Quantity,  $\Xi^{\text{Zero}}$ ,  $\Xi^{\text{One}}$ ,  $\Xi^{\text{Two}}$ ,  $\Xi^{\text{Three}}$ ,  $\Xi^{\text{EvenTail}}$ ,  $\Xi^{\text{OddTail}}$ },
    {Text[Bound for  $\hat{\Xi}$ ], Bound[Xi, normal, 0, s], Bound[Xi, normal, 1, s],
      Bound[Xi, normal, 2, s], Bound[Xi, normal, 3, s], Bound[Xi, normal, EvenTail, s],
      Bound[Xi, normal, OddTail, s]},
    {Text[Bound for  $\hat{\Xi}^{\iota}$ ], Bound[Xi, iota, 0, s], Bound[Xi, iota, 1, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, 2, s], Bound[Xi, iota, 3, s], Bound[Xi, iota, EvenTail, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, OddTail, s]},
    {Text[ $\hat{\Xi}(1 - \cos(kx))$ ], Bound[Xi, normal, 0, Delta, 0, s],
      Bound[Xi, normal, 1, Delta, 0, s], Bound[Xi, normal, 2, Delta, 0, s],
      Bound[Xi, normal, 3, Delta, 0, s], Bound[Xi, normal, EvenTail, Delta, 0, s],
      Bound[Xi, normal, OddTail, Delta, 0, s]},
    {Text[ $\Xi^{\iota}(1 - \cos(kx))$ ], Bound[Xi, iota, 0, Delta, 0, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, 1, Delta, 0, s], Bound[Xi, iota, 2, Delta, 0, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, 3, Delta, 0, s], Bound[Xi, iota, EvenTail, Delta, 0, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, OddTail, Delta, 0, s]},
    {Text[ $\Xi^{\iota}(1 - \cos(k(x - e_{\iota})))$ ], Bound[Xi, iota, 0, Delta, ei, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, 1, Delta, ei, s], Bound[Xi, iota, 2, Delta, ei, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, 3, Delta, ei, s], Bound[Xi, iota, EvenTail, Delta, ei, s],
      Bound[Xi, iota, OddTail, Delta, ei, s]}};
  , {s, {i, o}}]
  MethodeFourTablePart1 = {{Quantity, KF, KPhi, DELTAFLower, DELTAFAbsolut, DELTAPhi},
    {Bound for , Bound[KF, o], Bound[KPhiup, o], Bound[KDeltaFLower, o],
      Bound[KDeltaF, o], Bound[KDeltaPhi, o]}};
  MethodeFourTablePart2 =
    {{Quantity, DELTAFLower, 2, 3, DELTAFAbsolut, 2, 3, DELTAPhi, 2, 3},
    {Bound for , Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Lower, o],
      Bound[DifferencefF, Part2, Lower, o], Bound[DifferencefF, Part3, Lower, o],
      Bound[DifferencefF, Part1, Absolut, o], Bound[DifferencefF, Part2, Absolut, o],
      Bound[DifferencefF, Part3, Absolut, o], Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part1, o],
      Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part2, o], Bound[KDeltaPhi, Part3, o]}};

  Labeled[Grid[MethodeFourTable[i], Alignment  $\rightarrow$  {Center}, Frame  $\rightarrow$  True,
    Dividers  $\rightarrow$  {{2  $\rightarrow$  True, -1  $\rightarrow$  True}, {2  $\rightarrow$  True}}, ItemStyle  $\rightarrow$  {1  $\rightarrow$  Bold, 1  $\rightarrow$  Bold},
    Background  $\rightarrow$  {{None}, {GrayLevel[0.9]}, {None}}],
    Style["Bound on coefficients at  $z_i$  in Dimension " Text[d], Bold], Top] // Text
  Labeled[Grid[MethodeFourTable[o], Alignment  $\rightarrow$  {Center}, Frame  $\rightarrow$  True,
    Dividers  $\rightarrow$  {{2  $\rightarrow$  True, -1  $\rightarrow$  True}, {2  $\rightarrow$  True}}, ItemStyle  $\rightarrow$  {1  $\rightarrow$  Bold, 1  $\rightarrow$  Bold},
    Background  $\rightarrow$  {{None}, {GrayLevel[0.9]}, {None}}],
    Style["Bound on coefficients in Dimension " Text[d], Bold], Top] // Text

  Labeled[Grid[MethodeFourTablePart1, Alignment  $\rightarrow$  {Center}, Frame  $\rightarrow$  True,
    Dividers  $\rightarrow$  {{2  $\rightarrow$  True, -1  $\rightarrow$  True}, {2  $\rightarrow$  True}}, ItemStyle  $\rightarrow$  {1  $\rightarrow$  Bold, 1  $\rightarrow$  Bold},
    Background  $\rightarrow$  {{None}, {GrayLevel[0.9]}, {None}}],
    Style["Bound on the constants of Proposition 3.3.1 in Dimension " Text[d], Bold],
    Top] // Text
  Labeled[Grid[MethodeFourTablePart2, Alignment  $\rightarrow$  {Center}, Frame  $\rightarrow$  True,
    Dividers  $\rightarrow$  {{2  $\rightarrow$  True, -1  $\rightarrow$  True}, {2  $\rightarrow$  True}}, ItemStyle  $\rightarrow$  {1  $\rightarrow$  Bold, 1  $\rightarrow$  Bold},
    Background  $\rightarrow$  {{None}, {GrayLevel[0.9]}, {None}}],
    Style["Bound on the constants of Proposition 3.3.1 in Dimension " Text[d], Bold],
    Top] // Text

```

Bound on coefficients at z_1 in Dimension 49

Quantity	Ξ^{Zero}	Ξ^{One}	Ξ^{Two}	Ξ^{Three}	Ξ^{EvenTail}	Ξ^{OddTail}
Bound for $\hat{\Xi}$	0.000232873	0.000834063	4.98117×10^{-6}	3.1827×10^{-8}	4.98125×10^{-6}	3.18271×10^{-8}
Bound for $\hat{\Xi}^t$	0.010587	0.000143979	1.03646×10^{-6}	2.73228×10^{-9}	1.03648×10^{-6}	2.73232×10^{-9}
$(1 - \cos kx) \hat{\Xi}$	0.000991871	0.0348948	0.013806	0.000139574	1.68437×10^{-7}	2.52656×10^{-7}
$(1 - \cos kx) \Xi^t$	0.00177105	0.0399784	0.0438342	0.00191561	1.58247×10^{-6}	2.3737×10^{-6}
$\Xi^t (1 - \cos k(x - e_i))$	1.02424	0.0674507	0.0439629	0.00191604	1.58353×10^{-6}	2.37529×10^{-6}

Bound on coefficients in Dimension 49

Quantity	Ξ^{Zero}	Ξ^{One}	Ξ^{Two}	Ξ^{Three}	Ξ^{EvenTail}	Ξ^{OddTail}
Bound for $\hat{\Xi}$	0.000251707	0.000903381	5.89971×10^{-6}	4.01909×10^{-8}	5.89982×10^{-6}	4.01912×10^{-8}
Bound for $\hat{\Xi}^t$	0.0108008	0.000156349	1.22455×10^{-6}	3.52339×10^{-9}	1.22457×10^{-6}	3.52345×10^{-9}
$(1 - \cos kx) \hat{\Xi}$	0.00155595	0.0998463	0.0416221	0.00046419	6.22307×10^{-7}	9.33459×10^{-7}
$(1 - \cos kx) \Xi^t$	0.00291519	0.104504	0.131671	0.00630446	5.76401×10^{-6}	8.646×10^{-6}
$\Xi^t (1 - \cos k(x - e_i))$	1.04528	0.136066	0.131835	0.00630505	5.76561×10^{-6}	8.64841×10^{-6}

Bound on the constants of Proposition 3.3.1 in Dimension 49

Quantity	KF	KPhi	DELTAFLower	DELTAFAbsolut	DELTAPhi
Bound for	1.04567	1.01146	1.13924	1.20015	0.159352

Bound on the constants of Proposition 3.3.1 in Dimension 49

Quantity	DELTA $^{\cdot}$ FLow $^{\cdot}$ er	2	3	DELTA $^{\cdot}$ FAbs $^{\cdot}$ olut	2	3	DELTA $^{\cdot}$ Phi	2	3
Bound for	0.902809	-0.0245 $^{\cdot}$ 404	-0.0004 $^{\cdot}$ 898 $^{\cdot}$ 78	1.17252	0.02713 $^{\cdot}$ 86	0.00048 $^{\cdot}$ 9878	0.15902	0.00032 $^{\cdot}$ 8331	3.84766 \times 10 $^{-6}$